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DATE MAILED: 08/22/2006

APPLICATION NO.	FI	LING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
09/578,156 05/23/2000		05/23/2000	Lundy Lewis	APB-019	4279
959	7590	08/22/2006		EXAMINER	
LAHIVE & 28 STATE S		TIELD	SWEARINGEN	I, JEFFREY R	
BOSTON, 1	MA 0210	9	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
				2145	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

•	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
•	09/578,156	LEWIS, LUNDY				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Jeffrey R. Swearingen	2145				
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	correspondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim vill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 26 M	Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>26 May 2006</u> .					
2a) ☐ This action is FINAL . 2b) ☐ This						
3) Since this application is in condition for allowar	n 👱					
closed in accordance with the practice under E	x parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 45	53 O.G. 213.				
Disposition of Claims						
4) Claim(s) <u>1-6,9-13,15-18 and 20-26</u> is/are pend	ing in the application.					
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-6,9-13,15-18 and 20-26</u> is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	r election requirement.					
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine	r.					
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acce	epted or b) objected to by the E	Examiner.				
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct						
11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	aminer. Note the attached Office	Action or form PTO-152.				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).						
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:						
. 1. Certified copies of the priority documents						
2. Certified copies of the priority documents		•				
3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior	- -	ed in this National Stage				
application from the International Bureau						
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.						
J						
Attachment(s)						
1) Motice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 4) Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s)/Mail Date						
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)	5) 🔲 Notice of Informal P	atent Application (PTO-152)				
Paper No(s)/Mail Date 6) Other:						

Application/Control Number: 09/578,156

Applications Control (Vallisc): 00/0/0

Art Unit: 2145

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Page 2

DETAILED ACTION

Response to Arguments

- 1. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-6, 9-13, 15-18, and 20-26 have been considered but are most in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.
- 2. In regard to the 112 rejections, it is impossible to quantify the "desirability" of a state given the current claim language. Applicant is welcome to discuss claim language options with the examiner to overcome this.
- 3. Concerning the term "relative to the respective aspect of operation", the mere presence of the word "relative" in the phrase proved that the phrase was a "relative" term that rendered the claim indefinite. The phrase is also difficult to understand and unclear to one of ordinary skill in the art.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

- 4. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:
 The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.
- Claims 1, 6, 8, 11, 13-14, 18, 20-23, and 26 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.
- 6. The terms "a desired state" and "when the current state of the service is undesirable" in claims 1, 8, 11, 14, 20, and 23 are relative terms which render the claims indefinite. The terms "desirable" and "undesirable" are not defined by the claims, the specification does not provide a standard for ascertaining the requisite degree, and one of ordinary skill in the art would not be reasonably apprised of the scope of the invention. Applicant failed to state what is meant by a "desirable state" and an "undesirable state".
- 7. The term "relative to the respective aspect of operation" in claims 1, 6, 13, 18, 21, 22, 23, and 26 is a relative term which renders the claims indefinite. The term "relative to the respective aspect of operation" is not defined by the claim, the specification does not provide a standard for ascertaining the requisite degree, and one of ordinary skill in the art would not be reasonably apprised of the scope of the

Art Unit: 2145

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invention. Applicant failed to state what determines if something is "relative" to an aspect of operation and what is meant if something is "relative" to an aspect of operation.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.
- 9. Claims 1-6, 9-13, 15-18, and 20-26 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Feridun et al. (U.S. 6,336,139 B1).
- .10. In regard to claims 1, 11, 13, 21-23 and 26, Feridun disclosed:

multiple monitoring agents to each monitor a respective aspect of operation of the network, wherein each monitoring agent detects one or more events relative to the respective aspect of operation and generates an alarm as a function of the one or more detected events; (column 6, lines 20-40) and

an alarm correlation agent that receives alarms from the monitoring agents, that determines a current state of the service based on alarms originating from the subset of the plurality of network components (column 8, lines 15-45) and, that issues one or more instructions to autonomously establish a desired state of the service when the current state of the service is undesirable (column 8, lines 56-61; column 10, line 63 – column 11, line 10).

in regard to claims 2, 9, 15 and 24, Feridun disclosed:

at least one of:

Art Unit: 2145

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an infrastructure monitoring agent to monitor operation of the network infrastructure; (column 10, lines 45-52)

a computer system monitoring agent to monitor operation of at least one computer system on the network; (column 10, lines 52-62)

a network traffic monitoring agent to monitor traffic on the network; (column 10, line 63 – column 11, line 10)

an application monitoring agent to monitor operation of at least one application on the network; (column 10, lines 27-35)

a trouble-ticketing agent to receive reports of problems by users with respect to operation of the network;

a response time monitoring agent to monitor a response time of a communication on the network; ~

a device monitoring agent to monitor operation of a device on the network; and a multicomponent monitoring agent comprising an aggregate of any of the above monitoring agents. (column 10, lines 45-63)

12. In regard to claim 3, Feridun disclosed:

the monitoring agents and alarm correlation agents comprise reasoning agents. (column 9, lines 1-22)

13. In regard to claims 4, 10, 12, 16-17, and 25, Feridun disclosed:

the reasoning agents comprise one or more of:

- a rule-based reasoning agent; (column 9, lines 15-40)
- a model-based reasoning agent;
- a state-transition graph based reasoning agent;
- a code book based reasoning agent; and
- a case-based reasoning agent.
- 14. In regard to claim 5, Feridun disclosed:

Application/Control Number: 09/578,156

Art Unit: 2145

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an alarm repository to receive the one or more alarms from the monitoring agents, wherein the alarm correlation agent reads the alarms in the alarm repository. (column 8, lines 29-45)

15. Claims 6 and claims 18 and 20 contained substantially the same claim limitations as claims 1 and 25.

Double Patenting

The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. A nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting rejection is appropriate where the conflicting claims are not identical, but at least one examined application claim is not patentably distinct from the reference claim(s) because the examined application claim is either anticipated by, or would have been obvious over, the reference claim(s). See, e.g., In re Berg, 140 F.3d 1428, 46 USPQ2d 1226 (Fed. Cir. 1998); In re Goodman, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); In re Longi, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); In re Van Ornum, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); In re Vogel, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970); and In re Thorington, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) or 1.321(d) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent either is shown to be commonly owned with this application, or claims an invention made as a result of activities undertaken within the scope of a joint research agreement. Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

17. Claim 1 is rejected on the ground of nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claim 1 of U.S. Patent No. 6,430,712. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because the mechanisms are equivalent as shown below.

Instant Application Claim 1	6,430,712 Claim 1
Multiple monitoring agents to each monitor a	Receiving a first alarm associated with a first
respective agent of operation of the network,	resource of the plurality of resources, the first
wherein each monitoring agent detects one or more	resource being associated with a first domain;
events relative to the respective aspect of operation	receiving a second alarm associated with a second
and generates an alarm as a function of the one or	resource of the plurality of resources, the second
more detected events; and	resource being associated with a second domain;

Page 6

Application/Control Number: 09/578,156

Art Unit: 2145

An alarm correlation agent that receives alarms	Generating a third alarm based on the first and
from the monitoring agents, that determines a	second alarms;
current state of the service based on alarms	
originating from the subset of the plurality of	
network components and,	
That issues one or more instructions to	Determining a corrective action based on the first
autonomously establish a desired state of the	and second alarms; and providing the corrective
service when the current state of the service is	action to at least one of the plurality of resources.
jundesirable.	·

Conclusion

- 18. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.
 - Pohlmann et al. US 6,446,136 B1

Pohlmann disclosed an alarm correlation system, which executed "response policies", based upon correlated events in the network.

19. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Jeffrey R. Swearingen whose telephone number is (571) 272-3921. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 8:30-5:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor,

Jason Cardone can be reached on 571-272-3933. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application
Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from
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Jason Cardone

Supervisory Patent Examiner

Art Unit 2145